Dramatic drop in Indian child marriages - but still a long way to go



Girls in the village of Berhabad in Giridih district go to school using a special transport programme. Girls used to frequently drop out of education due to the long journeys to school and harassment on the way - which then led to early marriages. Now the transport gets them to school safely. — Photo credit: UNICEF / Vishwanathan

25 million child marriages have been prevented worldwide in the past 10 years - meaning more girls can continue their education.

The proportion of girls getting married in India has nearly halved in a decade, the United Nations children's agency UNICEF said today - which has contributed significantly to a global decline in child marriage. UNICEF said 25 million child marriages were prevented worldwide in the last decade, with the largest reduction seen in South Asia - where India was at the forefront. "India constitutes more than 20% of the world's adolescent population and accounts for the highest number of child marriages in South Asia given its size and population," said Javier Aguilar, UNICEF's chief of child protection. "In the current trend, 27% of girls, or nearly 1.5 million girls, get married before they turn 18 in India. This is a sharp decline from 47% a decade ago," he told the Thomson Reuters Foundation.

Child marriage adds to health, education and abuse risks, and increases the chance of intergenerational poverty, said Anju Malhotra, UNICEF's principal gender adviser, in a statement. "Given the life-altering impact child marriage has on a young girl's life, any reduction is welcome news, but we've got a long way to go," Malhotra said. Campaigners and officials attributed the drop in child marriages to better access to education for women and increased public awareness on the negative impact of child marriage.



Siraden Deju, 18, was forced by her family to quit school to do farm work. Now she is married. One in three child marriages are now in sub-Saharan Africa, compared to one in five a decade ago. But there is some progress - in Ethiopia the practice has dropped by a third in the last 10 years. — Photo credit: UNICEF / Tesfaye

UNICEF estimates that 12 million girls a year are married globally, and says more is needed to end the practice by 2030 - the target set under the UN's Sustainable Development Goals.

UNICEF's conclusions on India came after comparing data from its 2006 and 2016 health survey that asked women in the 20-24 age group whether they had married before they turned 18. It also took into account child marriage data from the 2011 census.

The legal age of marriage in India is 18 for women and 21 for men. Last year the Supreme Court ruled that sex with an underage wife constituted rape.

India's Prohibition of Child Marriage Act imposes a fine of 100,000 Indian rupees (\$1535) and two years in prison for parents caught trying to marry off their underage children.

Despite the law, child marriage remains deeply rooted and accepted in society, and is widespread in parts of the country.

Mahesh Bhagwat, police chief of Rachakonda district in Telangana, where child marriage is widespread and where wedding hall decorators and priests were enlisted last year to help combat it, said the law had made an impact.

"But things are still going on clandestinely," he said.

Jayna Kothari, executive director of the Bangalore-based Centre for Law & Policy Research, who has petitioned the government to declare child marriages invalid, said more action was needed.

"Better awareness of the Supreme Court's verdict would deter child marriages, and declaring them invalid would strengthen India's laws against them," she said.